

Structural stability = niche segregation

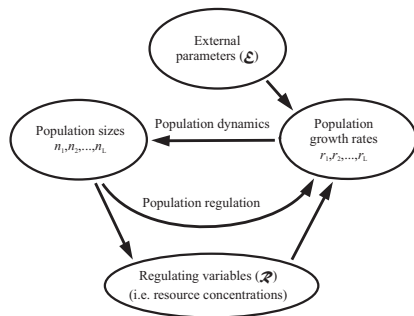
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StructInst Workshop
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Steps from LV & classical niche to modern theory

- 1 Resources \Rightarrow
Regulating variables
- 2 Lotka Volterra \Rightarrow
linearization of dynamics
- 3 Resource utilization \Rightarrow
impact & sensitivity
- 4 Limit of similarity \Rightarrow
Robustness of coexistence



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Any model can be linearized!

Lotka-Volterra competition:

$$r_i = r_{0i} - \sum_j a_{ij} n_j$$

Generalized competition coefficient:

$$a_{ij} = - \frac{\partial r_i}{\partial n_j}$$

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Classical niche theory (*ad hoc*):

$$a_{ij} \sim \sum_k u_{ik} u_{jk}$$

Resource utilization

Proposed theory (derived):

$$-a_{ij} = \frac{\partial r_i}{\partial n_j} = \sum_k \frac{\partial r_i}{\partial \mathcal{R}_k} \frac{\partial \mathcal{R}_k}{\partial n_j} = \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{I}_j$$

Sensitivity of Species i

Impact of Species j

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Equilibrium:

$$r(\mathcal{R}(n), \mathcal{M}) = 0$$

Perturbation:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{n}}{\partial \mathcal{M}} = \mathbf{a}^{-1} \frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathcal{M}}$$

Robustness:

$$\det \mathbf{a} = \det(\mathbf{S}_i I_j)$$

must be large!

\Rightarrow Species should be different!

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Larger similarity in
Impact or Sensitivity



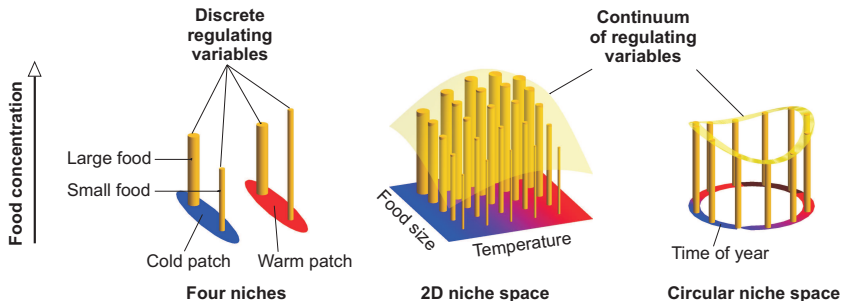
Weaker robustness
of coexistence

No absolute limit of similarity!

Coexistence of a continuum is
structurally unstable!

Niche space: Ways of niche segregation

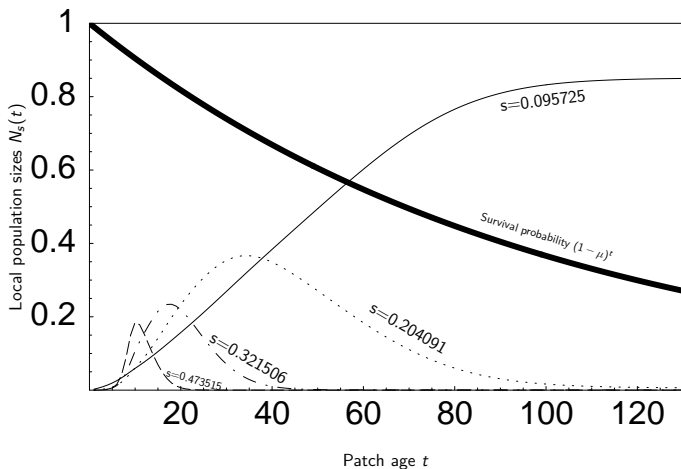
Varieties for niche space:



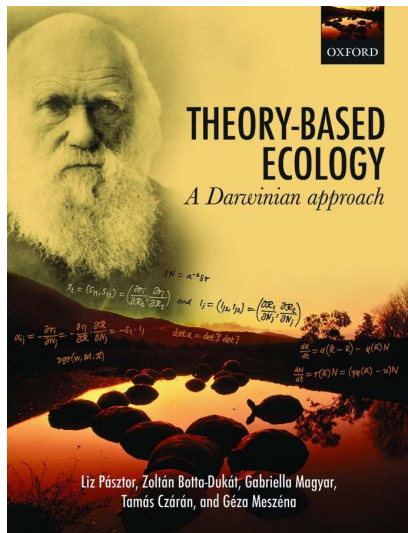
Niche space: *index set* of regulating variables.

Not necessarily an Euclidean space of a few dimension!

Species succession within a patch



Theory-Based Ecology: A Darwinian approach



Principles

- 1 Exponential growth
- 2 Growth regulation
- 3 Inherited variability
- 4 Fitness – stochasticity
- 5 Competitive exclusion
- 6 Coexistence
- 7 Constraints – trade-offs

My take

Ecosystem = a random assemblage of random species?

NO!

Species are adapted to their own niches
– determined by the community.